Usability Techniques

Heuristic Evaluation - A System Checklist

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Heuristic Evaluation - A System Checklist

1. Visibility of System Status

The system should always keep user informed about what is going on, through appropriate feedback within reasonable time.

#	Review Checklist	Yes No N/A	Comments
1.1	Does every display begin with a title or header that describes screen contents?	000	
1.2	Is there a consistent icon design scheme and stylistic treatment across the system?	000	
1.3	Is a single, selected icon clearly visible when surrounded by unselected icons?	000	
1.4	Do menu instructions, prompts, and error messages appear in the same place (s) on each menu?	000	
1.5	In multipage data entry screens, is each page labeled to show its relation to others?	000	
1.6	If overtype and insert mode are both available, is there a visible indication of which one the user is in?	000	
1.7	If pop-up windows are used to display error messages, do they allow the user to see the field in error?	000	
1.8	Is there some form of system feedback for every operator action?	000	
1.9	After the user completes an action (or group of actions), does the feedback indicate that the next group of actions can be started?	000	
1.10	Is there visual feedback in menus or dialog boxes about which choices are selectable?	000	
1.11	Is there visual feedback in menus or dialog boxes about which choice the cursor is on now?	000	
1.12	If multiple options can be selected in a menu or dialog box, is there visual feedback about which options are already selected?	000	
1.13	Is there visual feedback when objects are selected or moved?	000	
1.14	Is the current status of an icon clearly indicated?	000	
#	Review Checklist	Yes No N/A	Comments
1.15	Is there feedback when function keys are pressed?	000	
1.16	If there are observable delays (greater than fifteen seconds) in the system's response time, is the user kept informed of the system's progress?	000	
1.17	Are response times appropriate to the task?	000	
1.18	Typing, cursor motion, mouse selection: 50-1 50 milliseconds	000	
1.18	Typing, cursor motion, mouse selection: 50-1 50 milliseconds Simple, frequent tasks: less than 1 second	000	
1.19	Simple, frequent tasks: less than 1 second	000	
1.19	Simple, frequent tasks: less than 1 second Common tasks: 2-4 seconds	000	
1.19 1.20 1.21	Simple, frequent tasks: less than 1 second Common tasks: 2-4 seconds Complex tasks: 8-12 seconds	000	

1.25	Is the menu-naming terminology consistent with the user's task domain?	000	
1.26	Does the system provide <i>visibility:</i> that is, by looking, can the user tell the state of the system and the alternatives for action?	000	
1.27	Do GUI menus make obvious which item has been selected?	000	
1.28	Do GUI menus make obvious whether deselection is possible?	000	
1.29	If users must navigate between multiple screens, does the system use context labels, menu maps, and place markers as navigational aids?	000	

2. Match Between System and the Real World

The system should speak the user's language, with words, phrases and concepts familiar to the user, rather than system-oriented terms. Follow real-world conventions, making information appear in a natural and logical order.

#	Review Checklist	Yes No N/A	Comments
2.1	Are icons concrete and familiar?	000	
2.2	Are menu choices ordered in the most logical way, given the user, the item names, and the task variables?	000	
2.3	If there is a natural sequence to menu choices, has it been used?	000	
2.4	Do related and interdependent fields appear on the same screen?	000	
2.5	If shape is used as a visual cue, does it match cultural conventions?	000	
2.6	Do the selected colors correspond to common expectations about color codes?	000	
2.7	When prompts imply a necessary action, are the words in the message consistent with that action?	000	
2.8	Do keystroke references in prompts match actual key names?	000	
2.9	On data entry screens, are tasks described in terminology familiar to users?	000	
2.10	Are field-level prompts provided for data entry screens?		
2.11	For question and answer interfaces, are questions stated in clear, simple language?	000	
2.12	Do menu choices fit logically into categories that have readily understood meanings?	000	
2.13	Are menu titles parallel grammatically?	000	
2.14	Does the command language employ user jargon and avoid computer jargon?	000	
2.15	Are command names specific rather than general?	000	
2.16	Does the command language allow both full names and abbreviations?	000	
2.17	Are input data codes meaningful?	000	
2.18	Have uncommon letter sequences been avoided whenever possible?	000	
2.19	Does the system automatically enter leading or trailing spaces to align decimal points?	000	
2.20	Does the system automatically enter a dollar sign and decimal for monetary entries?	000	

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#	Review Checklist	Yes No N/A	Comments
2.21	Does the system automatically enter commas in numeric values greater than 9999?	000	
2.22	Do GUI menus offer activation: that is, make obvious how to say "now do it "?	000	
2.23	Has the system been designed so that keys with similar names do not perform opposite (and potentially dangerous) actions?	000	
2.24	Are function keys labeled clearly and distinctively, even if this means breaking consistency rules?	000	

3. User Control and Freedom

Users should be free to select and sequence tasks (when appropriate), rather than having the system do this for them. Users often choose system functions by mistake and will need a clearly marked "emergency exit" to leave the unwanted state without having to go through an extended dialogue. Users should make their own decisions (with clear information) regarding the costs of exiting current work. The system should support undo and redo.

#	Review Checklist	Yes No N/A	Comments
3.1	If setting up windows is a low-frequency task, is it particularly easy to remember?	000	
3.2	In systems that use overlapping windows, is it easy for users to rearrange windows on the screen?	000	
3.3	In systems that use overlapping windows, is it easy for users to switch between windows?	000	
3.4	When a user's task is complete, does the system wait for a signal from the user before processing?	000	
3.5	Can users type-ahead in a system with many nested menus?	000	
3.6	Are users prompted to confirm commands that have drastic, destructive consequences?	000	
3.7	Is there an "undo" function at the level of a single action, a data entry, and a complete group of actions?	000	
3.8	Can users cancel out of operations in progress?	000	
3.9	Are character edits allowed in commands?	000	
3.10	Can users reduce data entry time by copying and modifying existing data?	000	
3.11	Are character edits allowed in data entry fields?	000	
3.12	If menu lists are long (more than seven items), can users select an item either by moving the cursor or by typing a mnemonic code?	000	
3.13	If the system uses a pointing device, do users have the option of either clicking on menu items or using a keyboard shortcut?	000	
3.14	Are menus broad (many items on a menu) rather than deep (many menu levels)?	000	
3.15	If the system has multiple menu levels, is there a mechanism that allows users to go back to previous menus?	000	
#	Review Checklist	Yes No N/A	Comments
3.16	If users can go back to a previous menu, can they change their earlier menu choice?	000	
3.17	Can users move forward and backward between fields or dialog box options?	000	
3.18	If the system has multipage data entry screens, can users move backward and forward among all the pages in the set?	000	
3.19	If the system uses a question and answer interface, can users go back to previous questions or skip forward to later questions?	000	

3.20	Do function keys that can cause serious consequences have an undo feature?	000	
3.21	Can users easily reverse their actions?	000	
3.22	If the system allows users to reverse their actions, is there a retracing mechanism to allow for multiple undos?	000	
3.23	Can users set their own system, session, file, and screen defaults?	000	

4. Consistency and Standards

Users should not have to wonder whether different words, situations, or actions mean the same thing. Follow platform conventions.

#	Review Checklist	Yes No N/A	Comments
4.1	Have industry or company formatting standards been followed consistently in all screens within a system?	000	
4.2	Has a heavy use of all uppercase letters on a screen been avoided?	000	
4.3	Do abbreviations not include punctuation?	000	
4.4	Are integers right-justified and real numbers decimal-aligned?	000	
4.5	Are icons labeled?	000	
4.6	Are there no more than twelve to twenty icon types?	000	
4.7	Are there salient visual cues to identify the active window?	000	
4.8	Does each window have a title?	000	
4.9	Are vertical and horizontal scrolling possible in each window?	000	
4.10	Does the menu structure match the task structure?	000	
4.11	Have industry or company standards been established for menu design, and are they applied consistently on all menu screens in the system?	000	
4.12	Are menu choice lists presented vertically?	000	
4.13	If "exit" is a menu choice, does it always appear at the bottom of the list?	000	
4.14	Are menu titles either centered or left-justified?	000	
4.15	Are menu items left-justified, with the item number or mnemonic preceding the name?	000	
4.16	Do embedded field-level prompts appear to the right of the field label?	000	
4.17	Do on-line instructions appear in a consistent location across screens?	000	
4.18	Are field labels and fields distinguished typographically?	000	
4.19	Are field labels consistent from one data entry screen to another?	000	
4.20	Are fields and labels left-justified for alpha lists and right-justified for numeric lists?	000	
#	Review Checklist	Yes No N/A	Comments
4.21	Do field labels appear to the left of single fields and above list fields?	000	
4.22	Are attention-getting techniques used with care?	000	
4.23	Intensity: two levels only	000	
4.24	Size: up to four sizes	000	
4.25	Font: up to three	000	

4.27 Color: up to four (additional colors for occasional use only) 4.28 Sound: soft tones for regular positive feedback, harsh for rare critical conditions 4.29 Are attention-getting techniques used only for exceptional conditions or for time-dependent information? 4.30 Are there no more than four to seven colors, and are they far apart along the visible spectrum? 4.31 Is a legend provided if color codes are numerous or not obvious in meaning? 4.32 Have pairings of high-chroma, spectrally extreme colors been avoided? 4.33 Are saturated blues avoided for text or other small, thin line symbols? 4.34 Is the most important information placed at the beginning of the prompt? 4.35 Are user actions named consistently across all prompts in the system? 4.36 Are system objects named consistently across all prompts in the system? 4.37 Do field-level prompts provide more information than a restatement of the field name? 4.38 For question and answer interfaces, are the valid inputs for a question listed?
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field name? 600 4.37 field name? 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 6
4.39 Are menu choice names consistent, both within each menu and across the system, in grammatical style and terminology?
4.40 Does the structure of menu choice names match their corresponding menu titles?
4.41 Are commands used the same way, and do they mean the same thing, in all parts of the system?
4.42 Does the command language have a consistent, natural, and mnemonic syntax?
4.43 Do abbreviations follow a simple primary rule and, if necessary, a simple secondary rule for abbreviations that otherwise would be duplicates?
Review Checklist Yes No N/A Comments
4.44 Is the secondary rule used only when necessary? 0 0 0
4.45 Are abbreviated words all the same length? 0 0 0
4.46 Is the structure of a data entry value consistent from screen to screen? O O O
4.47 Is the method for moving the cursor to the next or previous field consistent throughout the system?
4.48 If the system has multipage data entry screens, do all pages have the same title?
4.49 If the system has multipage data entry screens, does each page have a sequential page number?
4.50 Does the system follow industry or company standards for function key assignments?
assignments:

5. Help Users Recognize, Diagnose, and Recover From Errors

Error messages should be expressed in plain language (NO CODES).

#	Review Checklist	Yes No N/A	Comments
5.1	Is sound used to signal an error?	000	

5.2	Are prompts stated constructively, without overt or implied criticism of the user?	000	
5.3	Do prompts imply that the user is in control?	000	
5.4	Are prompts brief and unambiguous.	000	
5.5	Are error messages worded so that the system, not the user, takes the blame?	000	
5.6	If humorous error messages are used, are they appropriate and inoffensive to the user population?	000	
5.7	Are error messages grammatically correct?	000	
5.8	Do error messages avoid the use of exclamation points?	000	
5.9	Do error messages avoid the use of violent or hostile words?	000	
5.10	Do error messages avoid an anthropomorphic tone?	000	
5.11	Do all error messages in the system use consistent grammatical style, form, terminology, and abbreviations?	000	
5.12	Do messages place users in control of the system?	000	
5.13	Does the command language use normal action-object syntax?	000	
5.14	Does the command language avoid arbitrary, non-English use of punctuation, except for symbols that users already know?	000	
5.15	If an error is detected in a data entry field, does the system place the cursor in that field or highlight the error?	000	
5.16	Do error messages inform the user of the error's severity?	000	
5.17	Do error messages suggest the cause of the problem?	000	
5.18	Do error messages provide appropriate semantic information?	000	
5.19	Do error messages provide appropriate syntactic information?	000	
5.20	Do error messages indicate what action the user needs to take to correct the error?	000	
5.21	If the system supports both novice and expert users, are multiple levels of error-message detail available?	000	

6. Error Prevention

Even better than good error messages is a careful design which prevents a problem from occurring in the first place.

#	Review Checklist	Yes No N/A	Comments
6.1	If the database includes groups of data, can users enter more than one group on a single screen?	000	
6.2	Have dots or underscores been used to indicate field length?	000	
6.3	Is the menu choice name on a higher-level menu used as the menu title of the lower-level menu?	000	
6.4	Are menu choices logical, distinctive, and mutually exclusive?	000	
6.5	Are data inputs case-blind whenever possible?	000	
6.6	If the system displays multiple windows, is navigation between windows simple and visible?	000	
6.7	Are the function keys that can cause the most serious consequences in hard-to-reach positions?	000	
6.8	Are the function keys that can cause the most serious consequences located far away from low-consequence and high-use keys?	000	

6.9	Has the use of qualifier keys been minimized?	000	
6.10	If the system uses qualifier keys, are they used consistently throughout the system?	000	
6.11	Does the system prevent users from making errors whenever possible?	000	
6.12	Does the system warn users if they are about to make a potentially serious error?	000	
6.13	Does the system intelligently interpret variations in user commands?	000	
6.14	Do data entry screens and dialog boxes indicate the number of character spaces available in a field?	000	
6.15	Do fields in data entry screens and dialog boxes contain default values when appropriate?	000	

7. Recognition Rather Than Recall

Make objects, actions, and options visible. The user should not have to remember information from one part of the dialogue to another. Instructions for use of the system should be visible or easily retrievable whenever appropriate.

#	Review Checklist	Yes No N/A	Comments
7.1	For question and answer interfaces, are visual cues and white space used to distinguish questions, prompts, instructions, and user input?	000	
7.2	Does the data display start in the upper-left corner of the screen?	000	
7.3	Are multiword field labels placed horizontally (not stacked vertically)?	000	
7.4	Are all data a user needs on display at each step in a transaction sequence?	000	
7.5	Are prompts, cues, and messages placed where the eye is likely to be looking on the screen?	000	
7.6	Have prompts been formatted using white space, justification, and visual cues for easy scanning?	000	
7.7	Do text areas have "breathing space" around them?	000	
7.8	Is there an obvious visual distinction made between "choose one" menu and "choose many" menus?	000	
7.9	Have spatial relationships between soft function keys (on-screen cues) and keyboard function keys been preserved?	000	
7.10	Does the system gray out or delete labels of currently inactive soft function keys?	000	
7.11	Is white space used to create symmetry and lead the eye in the appropriate direction?	000	
7.12	Have items been grouped into logical zones, and have headings been used to distinguish between zones?	000	
7.13	Are zones no more than twelve to fourteen characters wide and six to seven lines high?	000	
7.14	Have zones been separated by spaces, lines, color, letters, bold titles, rules lines, or shaded areas?	000	
7.15	Are field labels close to fields, but separated by at least one space?	000	
7.16	Are long columnar fields broken up into groups of five, separated by a blank line?	000	
7.17	Are optional data entry fields clearly marked?	000	
7.18	Are symbols used to break long input strings into "chunks"?	000	
7.19	Is reverse video or color highlighting used to get the user's attention?	000	
7.20	Is reverse video used to indicate that an item has been selected?	000	

7.21	Are size, boldface, underlining, color, shading, or typography used to show relative quantity or importance of different screen items?	000	
7.22	Are borders used to identify meaningful groups?	000	
7.23	Has the same color been used to group related elements?	000	
7.24	Is color coding consistent throughout the system?	000	
7.25	Is color used in conjunction with some other redundant cue?	000	
7.26	Is there good color and brightness contrast between image and background colors?	000	
7.27	Have light, bright, saturated colors been used to emphasize data and have darker, duller, and desaturated colors been used to de-emphasize data?	000	
7.28	Is the first word of each menu choice the most important?	000	
7.29	Does the system provide <i>mapping:</i> that is, are the relationships between controls and actions apparent to the user?	000	
7.30	Are input data codes distinctive?	000	
7.31	Have frequently confused data pairs been eliminated whenever possible?	000	
7.32	Have large strings of numbers or letters been broken into chunks?	000	
7.33	Are inactive menu items grayed out or omitted?	000	
7.34	Are there menu selection defaults?	000	
7.35	If the system has many menu levels or complex menu levels, do users have access to an on-line spatial menu map?	000	
7.36	Do GUI menus offer affordance: that is, make obvious where selection is possible?	000	
7.37	Are there salient visual cues to identify the active window?	000	
7.38	Are function keys arranged in logical groups?	000	
7.39	Do data entry screens and dialog boxes indicate when fields are optional?	000	
7.40	On data entry screens and dialog boxes, are dependent fields displayed only when necessary?	000	

8. Fexibility and Minimalist Design

Accelerators-unseen by the novice user-may often speed up the interaction for the expert user such that the system can cater to both inexperienced and experienced users. Allow users to tailor frequent actions. Provide alternative means of access and operation for users who differ from the "average" user (e.g., physical or cognitive ability, culture, language, etc.)

#	Review Checklist	Yes No N/A	Comments
8.1	If the system supports both novice and expert users, are multiple levels of error message detail available?	000	
8.2	Does the system allow novices to use a keyword grammar and experts to use a positional grammar?	000	
8.3	Can users define their own synonyms for commands?	000	
8.4	Does the system allow novice users to enter the simplest, most common form of each command, and allow expert users to add parameters?	000	
8.5	Do expert users have the option of entering multiple commands in a single string?	000	
8.6	Does the system provide function keys for high-frequency commands?	000	
8.7	For data entry screens with many fields or in which source documents may be incomplete, can users save a partially filled screen?	000	

8.8	Does the system automatically enter leading zeros?	000	
8.9	If menu lists are short (seven items or fewer), can users select an item by moving the cursor?	000	
8.10	If the system uses a type-ahead strategy, do the menu items have mnemonic codes?	000	
8.11	If the system uses a pointing device, do users have the option of either clicking on fields or using a keyboard shortcut?	000	
8.12	Does the system offer "find next" and "find previous" shortcuts for database searches?	000	
8.13	On data entry screens, do users have the option of either clicking directly on a field or using a keyboard shortcut?	000	
8.14	On menus, do users have the option of either clicking directly on a menu item or using a keyboard shortcut?	000	
8.15	In dialog boxes, do users have the option of either clicking directly on a dialog box option or using a keyboard shortcut?	000	
8.16	Can expert users bypass nested dialog boxes with either type-ahead, user-defined macros, or keyboard shortcuts?	000	

9. Aesthetic and Minimalist Design

Dialogues should not contain information which is irrelevant or rarely needed. Every extra unit of information in a dialogue competes with the relevant units of information and diminishes their relative visibility.

#	Review Checklist	Yes No N/A	Comments
9.1	Is only (and all) information essential to decision making displayed on the screen?	000	
9.2	Are all icons in a set visually and conceptually distinct?	000	
9.3	Have large objects, bold lines, and simple areas been used to distinguish icons?	000	
9.4	Does each icon stand out from its background?	000	
9.5	If the system uses a standard GUI interface where menu sequence has already been specified, do menus adhere to the specification whenever possible?	000	
9.6	Are meaningful groups of items separated by white space?	000	
9.7	Does each data entry screen have a short, simple, clear, distinctive title?	000	
9.8	Are field labels brief, familiar, and descriptive?	000	
9.9	Are prompts expressed in the affirmative, and do they use the active voice?	000	
9.10	Is each lower-level menu choice associated with only one higher level menu?	000	
9.11	Are menu titles brief, yet long enough to communicate?	000	
9.12	Are there pop-up or pull-down menus within data entry fields that have many, but well-defined, entry options?	000	

10. Help and Documentation

Even though it is better if the system can be used without documentation, it may be necessary to provide help and documentation. Any such information should be easy to search, focused on the user's task, list concrete steps to be carried out, and not be too large.

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#	Review Checklist	Yes No	N/A	Comments
10.1	If users are working from hard copy, are the parts of the hard copy that go on-line marked?	000		
10.2	Are on-line instructions visually distinct?	0 0	0	
10.3	Do the instructions follow the sequence of user actions?	0 0	0	
10.4	If menu choices are ambiguous, does the system provide additional explanatory information when an item is selected?	0 0	0	
10.5	Are data entry screens and dialog boxes supported by navigation and completion instructions?	0 0	0	
10.6	If menu items are ambiguous, does the system provide additional explanatory information when an item is selected?	0 0	0	
10.7	Are there memory aids for commands, either through on-line quick reference or prompting?	0 0	0	
10.8	Is the help function visible; for example, a key labeled HELP or a special menu?	0 0	0	
10.9	Is the help system interface (navigation, presentation, and conversation) consistent with the navigation, presentation, and conversation interfaces of the application it supports?	0 0	0	
10.10	Navigation: Is information easy to find?	0.0	0	
10.11	Presentation: Is the visual layout well designed?	000		
10.12	Conversation: Is the information accurate, complete, and understandable?	0.0	0	
#	Review Checklist	Yes N	o N/A	Comments
10.13	Is the information relevant?		000	
10.14	Goal-oriented (What can I do with this program?)		000	
10.15	Descriptive (What is this thing for?)		000	
10.16	Procedural (How do I do this task?)		000	
10.17	Interpretive (Why did that happen?)		000	
10.18	Navigational (Where am I?)		000	
10.19	Is there context-sensitive help?		000	
10.20	Can the user change the level of detail available?		000	
10.21	Can users easily switch between help and their work?		000	
10.22	Is it easy to access and return from the help system?		000	
10.23	Can users resume work where they left off after accessing help?		000	

11. Skills

The system should support, extend, supplement, or enhance the user's skills, background knowledge, and expertise ----not replace them.

#	Review Checklist	Yes No N/A	Comments
11.1	Can users choose between iconic and text display of information?	000	
11.2	Are window operations easy to learn and use?	000	
11.3	If users are experts, usage is frequent, or the system has a slow response time, are there fewer screens (more information per screen)?	000	
11.4	If users are novices, usage is infrequent, or the system has a fast response time, are there more screens (less information per screen)?	000	

11.5	Does the system automatically color-code items, with little or no user effort?	000	
11.6	If the system supports both novice and expert users, are multiple levels of detail available.	000	
11.7	Are users the initiators of actions rather than the responders?	000	
11.8	Does the system perform data translations for users?	000	
11.9	Do field values avoid mixing alpha and numeric characters whenever possible?	000	
11.10	If the system has deep (multilevel) menus, do users have the option of typing ahead?	000	
11.12	When the user enters a screen or dialog box, is the cursor already positioned in the field users are most likely to need?	000	
11.13	Can users move forward and backward within a field?	000	
11.14	Is the method for moving the cursor to the next or previous field both simple and visible?	000	
11.15	Has auto-tabbing been avoided except when fields have fixed lengths or users are experienced?	000	
11.16	Do the selected input device(s) match user capabilities?	000	
11.17	Are cursor keys arranged in either an inverted T (best for experts) or a cross configuration (best for novices)?	000	
11.18	Are important keys (for example, <u>ENTER</u> , <u>TAB</u>) larger than other keys?	000	
11.19	Are there enough function keys to support functionality, but not so many that scanning and finding are difficult?	000	
11.20	Are function keys reserved for generic, high-frequency, important functions?	000	
11.21	Are function key assignments consistent across screens, subsystems, and related products?	000	
11.22	Does the system correctly anticipate and prompt for the user's probable next activity?	000	

12. Pleasurable and Respectful Interaction with the User

The user's interactions with the system should enhance the quality of her or his work-life. The user should be treated with respect. The design should be aesthetically pleasing- with artistic as well as functional value.

#	Review Checklist	Yes No N/A	Comments
12.1	Is each individual icon a harmonious member of a family of icons?	000	
12.2	Has excessive detail in icon design been avoided?	000	
12.3	Has color been used with discretion?	000	
12.4	Has the amount of required window housekeeping been kept to a minimum?	000	
12.5	If users are working from hard copy, does the screen layout match the paper form?	000	
12.6	Has color been used specifically to draw attention, communicate organization, indicate status changes, and establish relationships?	000	
12.7	Can users turn off automatic color coding if necessary?	000	
12.8	Are typing requirements minimal for question and answer interfaces?	000	
12.9	Do the selected input device(s) match environmental constraints?	000	
12.13	If the system uses multiple input devices, has hand and eye movement between input devices been minimized?	000	
12.14	If the system supports graphical tasks, has an alternative pointing device been provided?	000	

12.15	Is the numeric keypad located to the right of the alpha key area?	000	
12.16	Are the most frequently used function keys in the most accessible positions?	000	
12.17	Does the system complete unambiguous partial input on a data entry field?	000	

13. Privacy

The system should help the user to protect personal or private information- belonging to the user or the his/her clients.

#	Review Checklist	Yes No N/A	Comments
13.1	Are protected areas completely inaccessible?	000	
13.2	Can protected or confidential areas be accessed with certain passwords.	000	
13.3	Is this feature effective and successful.	000	

System Title:	Release #:	
Evaluator:	Date:	
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Usability Inspection Methods. ©	Copyright 1994.By Jakob Nielsen	and Robert Mack ISBN: 1-55542-622-0
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